

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

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NUMBER 50.

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

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Steele County, Minnesota.

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One-half column, one year, .40
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One-half column, one year, .40
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Advertisements not accompanied with written directions will be inserted until forbidden and charged accordingly.

OWATONNA BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

R. C. Ambler.

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Owatonna, Steele County, Minn. Office one door west of Dr. Harsh's.

W. R. Kinney.

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW in all the Courts of the State. Money loaned on accepted security. Banknotes, Warrants, Money received on deposit. Prompt attention will be given to the collection of Notes and Drafts, remitting on day of payment, less current rates of exchange and actual expenses incurred.

H. Willson & Co.

BANKERS, Dealers in Exchange, Legal War-
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James & Bussey.

DEALERS in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery,
Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hardware,
Woden Ware, &c., etc.

Product of all kinds taken in exchange.

D. S. Harsh.

DEALER in Drugs & Medicines, choice chemical
Pest medicines of all kinds, pure Liquors for
medicinal purposes, paints, oils &c. Prescriptions
put up with great care.

Benjamin Chambers.

DEALER in Groceries, Wooden Ware and all
other articles usually found at a family-supply
store, at the old stand of Storch & Wadsworth,
Owatonna, Minnesota.

J. M. Williams.

DENTIST, has worked at
Dentistry twenty-one years,
and knew that teeth can be saved
if taken in time. My fillings do
not fall out. If you need teeth get Valentine, it
is cheapest and the best. No man in Minnesota can
beat me in Vulcanite work. Rochester, Minn. vii-10.

John & Oppiger.

DEALER in Tea, Wine, Cigars and
Tobacco, Also Fancy and Assorted Candies
Green Apples, Lemons, Oranges, Raisins etc. vii-11
Cash paid for Hides.

Crocker & Brother.

DEALERS in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats & Caps,
Boots & Shoes, Leather and findings. All
kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods.
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fees. vii-12

E. Y. Honeywill.

DEALER in all kinds of Hardware, Window
Glass, Sash, Tin Ware, Grindstones &c. vii-11

C. Corson.

MANUFACTURER in all kinds of
Fashion Ware, such as Churns, Jars of all
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All kinds of produce taken for ware. Factory east
end of Straight river bridge, Owatonna, Minn. vii-12

V. V. Middough & Brother.

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PROPRIETOR of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake.
The traveling community will find us always
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PROPRIETOR of the Baron House, Faribault,
Hancock County, Minnesota. General Stage Office.
Corner of Main and Firsts. vii-12

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William Ware.

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L. H. Kelly.

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Ready pay is our motto, but all kinds of grain
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C. S. Crandall.

REGISTER of Deeds. Particular attention given
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Owatonna, Minnesota. vii-12

Dr. E. A. Biss.

GEON D. Biss, M. D., located at Far-
ibault, will respectfully announce to the citi-
zen of Owatonna, that he will meet them once in each
month in Owatonna, the present year. Plate work
put up in the most approved styles and warranted
by a guarantee. Andrew Harsh, Owatonna, Feb. 25th 1864. vii-12

Hallo! Mr.

Have you heard the News?

Pepper & Clements have dissolved

And Wm. Pepper is at his old stand in the

MEAT MARKET BUSINESS

Where he will keep constantly on hand the best
buy only such

Beef Cattle

for our market as are of the best quality and can
give entire satisfaction to our customers. We
are renovating our Market, and are determined not
to be surpassed by any other shop of this kind in the
country. We have all kinds of

Vegetables

constantly on hand for the comfort and convenience
of our patrons, as well as

CHEESE, BUTTER, LARD, &c.

All persons buying of us can have their packages
delivered anywhere in town free of charge.

Business cards of five lines, or less, one year, .50

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an odd fellow, as you see, and sometimes try whether I can obtain it without these adventitious distinctions; and the manner in which you treated me when I appeared among you in the light of a poor and most inoffensive stranger, has convinced me of my error in looking for liberality of construction here. And now, gentlemen, I must inform you that I estimate your police attention at the same value that I did your contempt, and that I would not spend another night in your town if you would give it to me for nothing, and so I will bid you a very good evening."

As his Lordship concluded, he attached his red bundle to the end of his bludgeon, and shouldering it, with a droll look at the discomfited corporation, he trudged out of town with the same air of sturdy independence with which he had trudged in.

The sagacious town and corporation remained thunder-struck with the adventure. However, their conduct in the affair had been too unanimous to admit of their reprimanding on each other the blame of this unlucky mistake; so they came to the wise resolution of making the best of a bad business, and digesting the bitter rebuke as well as they might; moreover, they determined that their town should no lose the credit of a visit from so distinguished a personage, and duly announced in the county papers Lord A——B——'s arrival and departure from the town of ——.

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.

TUESDAY, APRIL 7, 1864.

NEWS SUMMARY.

Col. Hawkins surrendered himself and about 400 men in Union City, Kentucky, to the rebel Gen. Forrest, in a most cowardly manner. Some of his men threatened to shoot him if he did. His soldiers done all they could to prevent it and failed.

The Copperheads in Cole Co., Ill., rose in force against the Union men and were determined to murder every Union man in the county, but for a portion of the 54th regiment would have accomplished their nefarious designs. They were all members of the K. G. C., and sworn enemies to our government and the liberty of the enslaved. How long will our rulers permit such hell-born creatures to live among freemen.

The State of Connecticut has gone 6000 Republican majority; Ohio cities declare for the Union; St. Louis has elected a Union Mayor; St. Paul has elected a Union Mayor by over 300 majority; New Jersey cities have also gone for the Union by large majorities.

IOWA CORRESPONDENCE.

DEAR PLAINDEALER:—Justice to myself, and to those who were once my companions in arms, lead me to ask the indulgence of the columns of your paper to correct a most egregious error in an article published to the people of the State of Minnesota, in the St. Paul Daily Pioneer, of March 10th, headed "The Fourth Minnesota veterans at home." The article, I should say, must have been written by some one who had never followed the career of the Fourth in many hard-fought battles against armed treason and rebellion, or he must have intended to most willfully misrepresent it.

It is well known that this regiment left the State of Minnesota in April 1862, with but a very few less than one thousand men, and that it returned with less than half that number. The article above referred to says, however, that "its numbers have been reduced over one-third." This is spoken truthfully, for the same statement would hold good if it had but ten men left, but this statement does not convey the real truth to the minds of the people, to their friends and neighbors, no more than the statement would if he had said that it was reduced more than one-twentieth, or even one-hundredth part.

Again, he says, the "service of the regiment has included near two years of guard, and camp, and garrison duty, and marches and counter-marches, &c." This statement conveys the idea that their principal business, during their two years stay in the South, was to do camp and garrison duty, and that it was selected for this purpose, from the fact that its Commanding General had no confidence in it, and that it was fit only for that kind of duty. What wrong? What injustice is this to those heroes of so many battles? Why, the whole statement is wrong, never during its two years campaign in the South was it selected for camp duty in preference to any other regiment of the army, nor was it once left behind when its brigade or division was ordered upon duty, and it is well known that during

the hard and fatiguing march through mud and rain from Holly Springs to Oxford, Miss., it outmarched every other regiment in the division, and arrived at Oxford without a single straggler, when other regiments were scattered for more than twenty miles, and as far as the regiments doing garrison duty, it never did one day of it from the time that it left Fort Snelling, in April 1862, to the time that it returned.

Again, he says, that "on May 14th, about two miles from Jackson it supported another regiment in a charge upon the rebel line, and had two men wounded."

This is, to say the least, a most unparableable misstatement, the regiment did not support another one, but led the charge itself upon the rebels, and the reason that it did not lose more men was rather from the inaccuracy of aim of the rebels than the amount of lead discharged at it.

He finally closes his semi-official history of the operations of the regiment by stating "if not distinguished by being placed in a position of greatest peril, yet it had behaved itself very well." I know not what might be called "greatest peril."

It is certain that it was not placed in a position to be cut to pieces by the enemy without the opportunity of defence. This was, however, the result of the good management of the officers in command, rather than the desire of the General commanding to keep it from "greatest peril." Did they not, however, support the 11th Ohio battery, in the fight at Iuka, and the only one that had any fighting of moment to do? Did not the regiment, at the battle of Corinth, charge so successfully upon the rebels, when they attempted to turn the right flank of our army, that they dare not attempt it the second time? Is not the flank of an army usually positions of "greatest peril?" Did the regiment ever falter or murmur at the Yazoo expedition (which the writer has entirely ignored) when they were confined for thirty-five days upon small transports, which were so crowded that the men could scarcely find room to sleep, with guerrillas thronging the banks of the river on every side, this, too, whilst the balance of the army were doing camp and garrison duty, fishing and hunting upon the beautiful banks of Lake Providence. The sick list of the regiment increased on this expedition from fifteen to one hundred and seventy, yet it grumbled not nor did it the men refuse to obey all orders with promptness and despatch, in any positions of "greatest peril?"

Col. Mitchell, of the 54th Illinois, was without his revolver when it commenced. While attempting to take a pistol from a man, he was shot by another man, the ball striking his heavy gold-watch and inflicting a slight wound. Another man put a pistol to his back and would have killed him had it not snapped. Still another man was just about firing a fatal shot at him when a soldier knocked him down with a brickbat. The Colonel was shot at a dozen times or more. Major Shubal York, Surgeon of the 54th, was shot dead while gallantly defending himself.

Within an hour from the beginning of the affair, Lieut. Col. Chapman, with a portion of the 54th—about 250 men—arrived from Mattoon, twenty-three miles distant, and squads were sent out after the retreating Copperheads. About thirty-five of the raiders were arrested during the evening and night, and are now here under guard.

They cut the telegraph east of Charles-ton as they retreated. They met a soldier—Levi Freisner, company C, 54th—whom they took prisoner at the command of John S. O'Hair, Sheriff of Coles county, who was at their head.

The soldier was taken at daylight this morning, and six rebels who were guarding him were captured.

Governor Vance's Position—He wants Peace Only on the Basis of Separation.

Governor Vance's late speech at Wilkesboro', N. C., shows that he is very far from being the Union man he was thought to be. He says:

"As you all know, I regretted to go out of the former Government, and was one of the last to lay it down, and did lay it down with the same mournful feelings with which I followed my dear father to the grave. I never expected, and do not now expect, to see it resurrected again—The act of secession was a deliberate expression of sentiment, although it may have been wrong. Let us not cease to remember that we all consented to this war—old line Whigs as well as Secessionists. We consented after it appeared inevitable, and we must all stand up to it—every man, woman and child throughout the length and breadth of the Southern Confederacy. We must forget, if possible, for awhile, the causes which led originally to this rupture, and each man take upon his shoulder the full measure of burden and responsibility, regardless of consequences."

The Governor then portrayed in very sombre colors the result of the conquest of the State by the National troops, and read an account of the land sales at Beaufort, S. C., where many of the town lots were bought by negroes. He said:

"I tell you, my fellow-citizens, if we could consent to this thing we would deserve the fate of dogs; but we would not get even that, for dogs are allowed to sleep on their master's floor, and to eat the crumbs that fall from their master's table. You would get nothing. Yes, you would get kicks, and until you would correct them with a dog."

My friends, there are a great many desirable things, but the question, not what may be wished but what may be obtained, is the one reasonable men consider. It is desirable to have a lovely wife and plenty

of pretty children, but every man can't have them. I tell you now, candidly, there is no more possibility of reconstructing the old Union and reinstating things as they were four years ago, than exists for you to gather up the scattered bones of your sons who have fallen in this struggle, from one end of the country to the other, wash them with flesh, fill their veins with the blood they have so generously shed, and their lungs with the same breath with which they breathed their last prayer for their country's triumph and independence."

The Governor then said:

"There never can be peace on the Continent of North America until the North and South are independent and distinct nations. Do you suppose the blood of the Southern youth would run quietly in his veins when he saw a negro officer walking the streets and making his sister give way for him? The only way to obtain continual peace—and I want no other—is to fight it out now, whilst we have a government and great and glorious armies in the field. If we have actually whipped and driven back two million soldiers, there is encouragement to hope that we can drive back all that can possibly be sent against us. The bones of the Yankees that bleach on the plains of Northern Virginia, if piled in a row, would make a Macadamized road from Richmond to Washington, over which the artillery of the Southern Confederacy could roll between the two cities."

The Major-General and the Drummer-boy.

The President has recently appointed to the Naval School at Newport a little drummer-boy of the 55th Illinois Volunteers, whose case was brought before him by W. T. Sherman, in the following letter. Truly the letter does as much honor to the distinguished Major-General who could pause, in the midst of the duties of a great campaign, to pay such a tribute to a drummer-boy, as it does to the little hero whom it celebrates:

Headquarters 15th Army Corps,

Castine, Maine, Aug. 8, 1864.

Hon. E. M. Stanton Sec'y of War:—

Sir: I take the liberty of asking through you, that something be done for a lad named Orion P. Howe, of Waukegan Ills., who belongs to the 55th Ills., but at present absent at home wounded. I think he is too young for West Point, but w'd be the very thing for a midshipman.

When the assault on Vicksburg was at its height, on the 19th of May, and I was in front near the road which formed my line of attack, this young lad came up to me, wounded and bleeding, with a good healthy boy's cry, "Gen. Sherman, send some cartridges to Col. Ma'lborg, the men are nearly out." "What is the matter, my boy?" They shot me in the leg, sir; but I can go to the hospital. Send the cartridges right away!—Even where we stood, the shot fell thick, and I told him to go to the rear at once. I would attend to the cartridges, and off he limped. Just before he disappeared on the hill, he turned and called as loud as he could, "Calibre 54." I have not seen the lad since, and his Colonel (Ma'lborg), on inquiry, gives me his address above, and says he is a bright, intelligent boy, with a fair preliminary education.

What arrested my attention then was—and what renewed my memory of the fact now is—that one so young, carrying a musket ball through his leg, should have found his way to me on that fatal spot, and delivered his message, not forgetting the very important part, even, of the calibre of his musket, &c. which you know is a very important one.

I'll warrant that boy has in him the qualities of a man, and I command him to the government as one worthy the fostering care of some one of its National Institutions. I am with respect,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) W. T. SHERMAN,
Major General Commanding.

Prices in 1823, 1834—A gentleman in Lynn, recently coming across a grocer's ledger kept in 1823, had the curiosity to examine the prices at which articles of domestic consumption sold at that time, and found them as follows viz:—Flour, per barrel, \$12; rum per gallon, \$1.75; pork per pound, 6 cents; beans bushel, \$3; tea, per pound, \$1.25 to \$1.50; sugar per pound, 17 to 22 cents; molasses, per gallon, 65 cents; candles, per pound, 25 cents; meal, per bushel \$1 to \$1.50; pork per pound, 20 cents. These prices are quite as high as the same kind of articles sell for at the present time, and some of them are higher.

Boston Herald

During General Sherman's expedition, a wounded Federal officer crawled into the yard of a secession planter, when the latter took an axe, and, with a fiendishness scarcely credible, struck him on the head killing him instantly. A small party of Federal soldiers coming up shortly after, the negroes told them of it; when they immediately shot the planter and placed him in the house, which they burned to the ground.

Agents for the Grand de Tour.

PLOW

decidedly the best in use.

Mrs. BURRELL, wife of an officer of the navy, Mrs. Carter, whose husband is in the Confederate States, and another lady, have been confined in the Old Capitol Prison for attempting to convey letters, medicines, etc., to the rebels. They had nearly got outside the lines when they were taken. All the parties move in the most fashionable circles here.—N. Y. Times.

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WINTER & RUSSELL,

AT THE

Metropolitan Store, on Third Street,

Have received direct from Boston,

THE FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON.

And hereafter will be constantly in receipt of new

SPRING GOODS,

DIRECT FROM EASTERN MARKETS.

THEY OFFER

RARE BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS

STAPLE AND FANCY

consists in part of

Sheetings, Sateens, Stripes, Checkers, Printed, Ticking, Cambric, Dusky, Jeans, Linsey-Cotton, Cambric, Broad Cloths, Cloakings, Satinets, Kersey, Flannels, Cotton & Woolen, Tweeds and Plantation Cloths,

PRINTS, GINGHAM, DE LAINES, MERINOES, PLATES, REPS, PARAMETAS, SILKS, WORSTED, of all kinds!!

The Atlanta Register estimates the total Federal force under Gen. Grant, now Sherman's command, at 100,000 men, and adds: "Our forces are fully adequate to meet the enemy at all points."

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THE GEMS OF THE SEASON.

HOOP SKIRTS

AND

BALMORALS.

—o—o—

MOUING GOODS!

Our stock of Mourning Goods is full and complete, of every desirable style, quality and price.

CREAVES, GINGHAM, DE LAINES, SILKS,

WORSTED, —o—o—

LOCK OUT FOR COLD WEATHER!

CLOTHING!

If the next Draft don't exceed 600,000, we will clothe the whole army.

OVER COATS,

of every quality and grade for winter.

UNDER COATS,

of every style and material.

PANTS AND VESTS

Latest fashions and every desirable material for winter wear.

BLACK DRESS SUITS!

As there has always been a want of care in the selection of good Clothing by purchasers for this market, we would inform the public that we have taken pains to purchase the VERY BEST quality and workmanship.

Boots & Shoes

FOR ALL!

From the smallest boy baby to the largest overgrown man!! Among which are

LADIES' BALMORALS—Cloth, Kid & M'noon, plain and tipped, and all other kinds.

BABIES' CHILDRENS' AND MISSES' SLIPS,

SHOE BOOTEES, GAITERS, BALMORALS & LACED BOOTS.

of superior quality and workmanship, and selected with special reference to the wants of this community

HATS & CAPS

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Scott, McCollum, Burnside, Knauth, Old Brains,

Rosecrans, Grant and Honest Old Abe Hats

and Caps, French and American Manufacture!

Gloves and Mittens

SHEEP SKIN, BUCK SKIN, BEAVER SKIN,

SEAL SKIN, OTTER SKIN, WOOLEN—

COTTON and LINEN, LINED and UNLINED, large and small!

HOSIERY

The Ovonton Plaindealer.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.

THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1864.

Pearls Tragedy in Philadelphia.

From the Philadelphia Express, April 1.

The audience assembled last evening at the Continental Theatre, was startled with a tragedy enacted before them and not upon the program. A female was murdered in one of the private boxes. The usual theatrical performance was being given, when three pistol shots, fired in rapid succession, attracted the attention of the audience to the box, crowded at the time with males and females, and one of the latter was seen to fall from the chair, with the blood streaming from a wound in her head.

The story is a short and sad one. Three months ago, Maggie Bier, a German girl 21 years ago, of a prepossessing appearance, formerly a "waiter girl" at one of the concert asoons, made the acquaintance of William Howard Mitchell, a young man of her own age. An attachment, very strong and decided on his part, sprung up between them, and the two were pretty constantly in each other's company.

Being of a jealous disposition, Mitchell was continually accusing this girl of infidelity, and his reproofs were received in a light manner, which only further excited his temper. During yesterday Mitchell met one of the female companions of Maggie, and said to her, "I will be the death of her yet." Little heed was paid to this threat.

Last evening Maggie, in company with two female friends, visited the Continental Theatre, and took seats in a private box. The box was soon filled by other visitors, but Maggie paid no particular attention to them. After remaining in the box until 9 o'clock, the door was opened by Mitchell, who inquired of the girl: "I am going to York, will you go with me?" She replied in a half-sportive manner, "I don't know."

Mitchell then pulling from his pocket revolver, aimed it at the girl's breast, exclaimed, "Then I'll be the death of you." The ball took effect in the girl's breast. She screamed, but the sound of her voice had scarcely attracted the attention of the audience, before a second ball had entered her head, and the girl fell from her chair dead. A third shot was fired, but it did not take effect.

There were ten persons in the box at the time, but the whole affair was over before any one could interfere. Officers stationed in the building immediately ran to the box, and officer Sparks, who first entered, encountered Mitchell with the pistol still in his hand. His first exclamation was, "Kill me—she is dead."

Mitchell was at once taken to the Central station house, where he stated that his family lived in Wilmington—that his name was Maguire, and then, turning suddenly to an officer, he enquired, "Is she dead?" So one replied, "No." His response was, "Well, I loved her as I loved my own life, and for her I die—die to my father."

Although under the influence of liquor, Mitchell was evidently aware of the full force of his language, and character of the deed he had committed. The bystanders prevented him from making any further admissions while in his somewhat excited state, and he was placed in a cell.

The body of the deceased was also brought to the Central station. As before stated, she is a German by birth, although no indications of her parentage can be observed in her face. She has no relations in this city. She is said to have come from Schuylkill county, where her parents reside.

The Late Owen Lovejoy.

Correspondence of the Journal of Commerce.

WASHINGTON, March 6, 1864. The death of the Hon. Owen Lovejoy, which is announced as having occurred at Brooklyn last night, has caused me to hunt up the subjoined autograph letter, which may be read with interest:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 11, 1864. Sir:—I was born January 6, 1811, in the town of Albion, Kennebec county, State of Maine. Labored on a farm until 17 or 18 years of age—taught school to obtain the means of a college education, which I received at Bowdoin. Became Pastor of the Congregational Church at Princeton, Illinois, October, 1833, which I resigned in 1855, period of about 17 years, (it being my first and only charge where I proclaimed the everlasting gospel of the fatherhood of God; the sonship of Christ, and the brotherhood of man). In 1854 I was elected to the State Legislature of Illinois; in 1856 was elected to the 35th Congress, and in 1858 to the 36th Congress. "O. Lovejoy

WHERE IS MY WIFE?—A correspondent who has not seen his wife for three weeks asks where she can be found. The lady referred to has been seized with the sanitary Fair fever and the poor husband complains:

"For two months she was most of the time calling upon persons to solicit their aid for this most deserving charity; and when she was at home I could get no chance to see her, for she was overrun with callers, each one on very important business.

Bundles of all shapes and sizes began to arrive. The garret was already filled with them, and the balance had been stored away in the back parlor. But my wife was so earnest (she is positively bewitching in her enthusiasm) that I hadn't the heart to refuse, so I went to work and helped to carry the bundles in the house and store them where she wished. When the job was finished, I was glad to retire, though I had not read my paper. My wife—but have you seen her?"

The bereaved husband heard of his wife at the committee-rooms and elsewhere, but can't get a sight of her. The poor fellow says:

"I have hung about the Sanitary Fair building in hopes of seeing her, but it is vain. Everybody has seen her, but nobody can tell where she is. Once I thought I caught a glimpse of her dress whirling around the corner of the street, and I started to run, but I had to give up the chase. I got very much out of breath, still I would not have minded it so much if I had only found my wife. Have you seen her?"

Everybody has—except her husband. My friends meet me and congratulate me warmly on the achievements of my wife, that I can't help blushing with martial pride, and when I inquire if they have seen her, I get the same answer: "Why, of course we have. She is everywhere. How very strange that you have not met her!" Well, I suppose I must give up all hopes of seeing her until the Fair closes. Three weeks more without a wife! Perhaps I may meet her at the Fair; but I don't count much upon that."

Delightful wife!

A WORD ABOUT CHAINS.—An eminent speaker, speaking of our chairs, remarks that they are too high and too nearly horizontal. We slide forward, and our spines ache. The seats should be fifteen or sixteen inches high in front for men, and from eight to fourteen inches for men, and women, back part of the seat should be from one to three inches lower than the front part. This last is very important. The depth of the seat from front to back should be the same as in height. The chair is likewise philosophic. The part which meets the small of the back should project furthest forward. Instead of this, at that point there is generally a hollow; this is the cause of much pain and weakness in the small of the back. The present seats produce discomfort, round shoulders and other distortions.—*Rural New Yorker.*

LEAD IS A POISON.—Every family should dealing using vessels lined with lead for cooking or keeping provisions in, also the use of this metal for the conveyance of water will dissolve the inside of the pipe without the presence of some protecting salt, which forms an insoluble coating and prevents further action; even then there is danger. If you already have lead pipe, the simplest protection is always to draw of the water contained in it before saving any for use. There is also too much impudence among the working class with regard to this poison; the painters in their use of white lead and litharge, plumbers eating with hands soiled by particles of this metal, also in the manufacture of glazed cards, glazed earthenware &c.—*Ib.*

SAVE YOUR CURRANT BUSHES.—For three years I have been in the habit of setting out a few currant cuttings every spring. Three years ago, when the currant worm commenced its ravages in this region, I noticed that my cuttings and one year old plants were not troubled. Now, it takes but little foresight to see that if I continue the practice as long as the worms continue their ravages, I shall come out ahead, and those that have their bushes nearly destroyed can probably find some sprouts of last year's growth, from which to take cuttings this spring, and thus save their stock.—*Ib.*

H. H. DODDITTE.—Two men named Jeremiah Ernest and Thomas Miller, of Arkansas, were hanged on the 18th ult., at Little Rock, for ceaselessly hanging Union men last summer. A fair and impartial trial was allowed them, and every opportunity afforded them to establish their innocence of the murder, but their guilt was beyond controversy.

NEWS ITEMS.

THE expenditure of France has risen considerably above that of Great Britain. The usual English budget is about £70,000,000 sterling. The French expenditure this year will be about £92,000,000.

—It having been denied that Governor Bramlette, of Kentucky, had prepared a treasonable message, advising armed resistance to the proposed draft of negroes in the State, the Rev. Robert Breckinridge now states, that he saw the proof of the document, and that it was to be printed and issued.

—The lunatic who harangued the President, claiming to have been elected President in 1856, is said to be Pratt, "the great American traveler."

—At Parkersburg, Virginia, oil wells have been struck, yielding from six hundred to one thousand barrels per day. The excitement is very great in consequence, and every man in the place thinks he has an oil well in his cellar.

—A woman near Erie, Pennsylvania, last Wednesday, locked up her three children in the house alone, and went visiting. During her absence the house took fire and the children were burned up.

—A terrible tragedy has occurred in Jefferson County, Ky. Two friends, Heybeck and Frank, had been strolling in the garden of the former, who cut some vine slips for the other. They then went into the parlor. The first intimation the family had of anything unusual was the spectacle of Heybeck, fleeing from the house, bleeding. Frank, with a large bowie knife, was in pursuit.

—A Washington special to the New York Tribune, dated March 30th says:

The exceedingly sharp debate in the Senate today between Senators Wilkinson and Sherman was not the expression of any personal unkindness between them. Its significance is that radical policy has at last got the upper hand in the Senate. Of this policy there has not been in either branch of Congress a more persistent and unceasing advocate than Mr. Wilkinson of Minnesota.

—A letter from Matamoras says that the planters in Texas have lately had the half of their wagons and teams seized by the order of M. Granger. They were paid for in Confederate paper at such a rate as would not supply even the iron used in their construction. They have been much discouraged by this and other matters, and in consequence have planted no more cotton, and only corn enough to produce bread for themselves, their families and slaves. Confederate paper, when it passes at all in Texas, and it has long ceased to be current in the valley of the Rio Grande, goes at three cents per dollar!

—It has been decided by a court Martial in Missouri that the testimony of colored witnesses is admissible.

A POST OFFICE has been established at Swan Lake, Fairbault county, and Henry Fetherer appointed post master.

LAST week eighteen inches of snow fell in the Southern part of the State of Delaware—an unusual occurrence for latitude so far South—and showing that they had more snows weather there than we had in this latitude.

—The appointment of the Governor of the new Territory of Montana has been conferred upon Hon. Joseph C. McKibben, late of California. The other officers of the Territory will be appointed in a few days.

—It is stated in best informed circles that Mrs. J. Todd White, the sister of Mrs. Lincoln, did pass through our lines for Richmond a Fortress Monroe with six hundred strong, quartered near the plantation and maintained a fight with the rebels until 8 o'clock in the morning, when they charged and repulsed the enemy, numbering 1,500 strong.

Our loss was 16 killed. The rebel loss is unknown, but 70 killed and wounded were left in our hands. The plantation had been leased by government and was being extensively worked.

—The steamer Morning Star from New Orleans the 21st, has arrived here via Havana 5th. New Orleans papers contain nothing additional of the battle at Cane River!

—Other intelligence received via Cairo says the President has recognized G. Hahn as the civil Governor of Louisiana, and has conferred on him the powers of military Governor. These powers are doubtless intended to be temporary, and to be drawn as soon as the people have adopted a State constitution.

The steamer Admiral and Mississippi arrived at Key West on the 31, reporting heavy weather. The latter lost large numbers of horses.

WASHINGTON, April 3, 1864.—Some two months ago two men were found guilty of murder in this city, and sentenced to be hung on the first of April. Meanwhile the Marshal of the district, who *ex officio* Jack Ketch, was legislated out of a part of his functions by the appointment of a judge, whose duties are prescribed by Congress, without naming the carrying of the death-penalty into execution among them. When the first of April arrived, it was found that there was no officer in commission upon whom the unpleasant duty of hanging the criminals devolved. The Marshal maintained that it was the judge's business, and the judge said it was the marshal's; and the matter was finally referred to Mr. Bates, decided that as master's stood, it was the duty of neither. The President then commuted the sentence of the prisoners to imprisonment for life. So their are two men in the Albany Penitentiary to-day who owe the lengthening of their days on earth to the non-existence of a duly authorized hangman.

—A New Haven paper publishes a report that, at a place on the line of the Narragansett Railroad, last Saturday, a lady was buried, against the protests of an intelligent physician, who declared she was not dead. The lady was taken ill last week, and shortly fell into a trance or sleep in which she continued three days. At the end of that time, it is said, a physician pronounced her dead, although her body was still warm, and perspiration visible between the shoulders, and she was therefore buried.

—REM-URER LOT'S WIFE.—The wife of John Lot, residing in Muhlenburg county, Kentucky, has furnished her quota.

A few days since she gave birth to four bouncing boys. Less than eleven months ago she gave birth to twins.

Cairo, April 9.

Returns of the election for Judge of the Southern District of Illinois are indicative of the election of Lewis Hammon, over Judge Mulkey, [Dem.] by 60 majority.

Two weeks ago a man named Stuart was robbed and murdered in his own house in White county, Illinois, by men disguised as negroes.

The murderer was tracked over 70 miles to the house of George Aiken, Williamson county. Aiken was arrested and his captors started to return with him, and are reported to have hung him, being convinced of his guilt. A large lot of soldiers clothing was found in his house, which the gang used when on robbing and murdering expedition. They are believed to have murdered several Union men in Williamson county. Aiken was formerly Quartermaster and Sheriff of Williamson county.

WASHINGTON, April 9.

[Special to Post.]—The Republican members of Congress are confident the Constitutional amendment prohibiting Slavery, will receive a two-thirds vote in the House.

The tax bill will not be ready till Tuesday.

[Special to Commercial.]—Special orders issued preparatory to active operations in the Army of the Potomac, have produced a decided sensation among the soldiers and camp-followers. Officers have begun sending surplus baggage to Washington.

INDIAN PRISONERS.—On Monday the party of Sioux Indians spoken of in last week's paper as being on their way down, reached the Sauk River crossing and camped near the bridge, about three miles from this place.

The party consisted of 21 men, 32

squaws and 30 children—in all 91. They go as prisoners to Fort Snelling, where they will doubtless be fatted up, clothed and set at liberty when in good condition.

They all belong to the bands engaged in the massacres, except one, a Sisseton.

Among the number are two brothers-in-law of Little Crow.—*St. Cloud Democrat.*

7th

MEXICO.

April 6.

Vicksburg advices of the 31 state that

the rebels attacked Roche's plantation at 2 o'clock on Friday morning. The plantation is situated seven miles above Snyder's Bluff, on Yazoo river, and one of the largest in the State. It had extensive cotton works, and several buildings, all of which were destroyed. Four negroes and a child were burned in the buildings.

The 1st Mississippi cavalry (colored)

six hundred strong, quartered near the plantation and maintained a fight with

the rebels until 8 o'clock in the morning,

when they charged and repulsed the enemy, numbering 1,500 strong.

Our loss was 16 killed.

The rebel loss is unknown, but 70 killed and wounded were left in our hands.

The plantation had been leased by government and was being extensively worked.

—The next Draft don't exceed 600,000, we can

clothe the whole army.

OVER COATS,

of every quality and grade for winter.

UNDER COATS,

of every style and material!

PANTS AND VESTS

of latest fashions and every desirable material for winter wear.

BLACK DRESS SUITS!

As these have always been in great demand by the selection of good Clothing by purchasers for this market, we would inform the public that we have taken pains to purchase the VERY BEST quality and workmanship.

Boots & Shoes

FOR ALL!!

From the smallest boy baby to the largest overgrown man!! Among which are

LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS—Cloth, Kid

and M. Rocco, plain and tipped, and all other kinds.

BABIES' CHILDREN'S AND MUSSES' SLIPS,

SHOES, BOOTES, GAITERS, BALMO-

RALS & LACED ROOTS.

of superior quality and workmanship, and selected with special reference to the wants of this community.

HATS & CAPS

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Scott, McElroy, Burnside, Kosuth, Old Brain,

Reeves, Grant and Honest Old Abe Hats

and Caps, French and American

Manufacture!

GLOVES AND MITTENS

SHEEP SKIN, BUCK SKIN,

SEAL SKIN, BEAVER SKIN,

COTTON and LINEN, OTTER SKIN,

WOOLEN—Lined and Unlined, large and small!

HOSIERY

For the multitude!

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

HOME INTELLIGENCE.

POST OFFICE HOURS.—Open from 7 A. M. to 1 P. M., week days, and from 12 M. to 1 P. M., on Sunday. W. H. WADSWORTH, P. M.

AD J. B. HOOKER sold three lots yesterday, near Dr. Harsch's dwelling, for \$300.

AD Most of our merchants are expecting to leave next week for the east to buy their spring stock of goods.

AD The weather during the last week has been anything but agreeable. Dry and cold winds have prevailed almost continuously.

AD The May number of *Peterson's* has arrived in good season, cheering many a disconsolate heart and filling the eye with expressions of joy.

AD Our citizens will remember the Sociable at Morford's Hall next Tuesday evening. A good time and a friendly interview is anticipated.

AD Rev. Mr. DEAN, of Iowa, is expected here in about two weeks to assume the Pastoral duties of the Baptist churches in this town.

AD DURBAN & SNELL have purchased the Store and lot east of the Post Office of A. N. SPROULS for \$500, and design establishing a Meat Market in a few days.

AD Mrs. M. J. MURRAY has leased the rooms over Gardner & Chase's Drug Store for a Millinery Shop, and will be here in two weeks with her goods. She has now gone east for a full supply.

AD A. M. KING, of Winona, has purchased the lot and building on Bridge Street, formerly owned by J. WILSON, for \$800, and will continue the Blacksmithing business at the old stand.

AD J. F. HANNA has bought the warehouse formerly belonging to A. N. SPROULS for \$200, and designs moving it to Dr. Harsch's lot west of Dr. Wink's, on the south side of Main St., for a Cabinet Warroom.

AD W. H. KELLY is petitioning to have Main Street extended directly east through his land over the hill. This will make a decided improvement to Main Street, and make some desirable building lots, which he is intending for that purpose.

AD A number of teams started last Monday for Ishhio, and the balance will leave next Monday. We shall be disappointed if all return loaded with the precious metal. It is likely a lottery, and all cannot get the prize. We wish them all success and a pleasant journey.

AD J. S. WOODARD, of Rochester, is now receiving a large and extensive assortment of Drugs & Medicines, Books and Paper, Stationery &c., which he is selling as cheap as can be bought in the west. Persons going to Rochester will do well to give him a call, on Broadway, in the "City Post" brick block.

AD J. W. DRESSER will have his stores, on Bridge Street, completed in about two weeks. It is a very large and commodious building and a desirable location. Any person wishing to start business in town on a large scale can be accommodated with this building if they apply soon. He will rent it to a partner, who is well posted in the Dry Goods Department. No better point can be found in the State to do a large and heavy business.

AD At a meeting of the Board of Trustees last Saturday evening we voted the last interest of the school in Owatonna, decided by a united vote to divide the schools for the present year into three distinct terms. The first term to commence on the 2nd day of May and continue ten weeks; the second term to commence on the 5th day of September and last ten weeks, and the third term to commence on the 5th day of December and continue three months. They also voted unanimously to call the people together next Saturday for the purpose of graveling the grounds around the School House. It was resolved that the present Director be requested to purchase fourteen cords of good wood immediately for the use of said schools next fall and winter and adjourned.

AD We hope our townsmen will remember that next Saturday at 7 o'clock A. M. they will all meet at the gravel back at the Grist Mill, the other side of the river with teams and shovels for the purpose of filling up around the School House. There is a person in the town but what is interested in having the School House made accessible to the children and others of the place without going over shoes in mud and water to get into the building. Nothing will make a worse impression to strangers visiting our town than to see our public buildings neglected and unpared for, and nothing is more injurious to our children than to have them go into the School House with wet feet and sit in that condition for half a day at a time. It engenders disease that will follow them for years and bring them to a premature grave. Let us all turn out and it will be a glorious and prove a blessing to each and all concerned.

AD New Advertisements.

AD NEW SADDLE AND HARNESS SHOP.

I am now ready to manufacture

Saddles & Harness

change them can be bought in Hastings or any other place in Southern Minnesota and hope by strict attention to business to receive a share of public patronage. Repairing done on short notice.

Shop one door west of Dr. Harsch's Drug Store.

AD GRAIN TAKEN for WORK

S. R. ANDERSON.

Owatonna, April 14th, 1864.

51-6m.

AD ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—State of Steele County, B. I. Rice, in Probate Court. In the matter of the estate of Martin Miles deceased. Notice is hereby given that by virtue and in pursuance of the general laws made in said matter on the 21st day of February A. D. 1864, before D. H. Frost, Judge of the Probate Court of said Rice County, the undersigned Administrator of the estate of said deceased, will on the 5th (5th) day of May, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the office of the Register of Deeds in Owatonna, in the County of Steele and State of Minnesota, offer for sale at public vendue the following described real estate lying and being in said County of Steele, to wit: Land in the 1st and 2nd (7 and 8) Sections (6) in Phelps' addition to Owatonna, according to the duly recorded plat thereof. The terms of sale will be made known at the time and place of sale. Dated Owatonna, April 14th 1864.

JOHN MILES, Administrator.

51-4t.

AD FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

Wanted, for Cash, affidavits of shipping furs, for which the highest market price will be paid, by

JOHN C. HUNTER.

Wabasha, October 6th, 1863.

24-1f.

Hallo! Mr.

Have you heard the News?

Pepper & Clements have dissolved

And Wm. Pepper is at his old stand in the

MEAT MARKET BUSINESS

Where he will keep constantly on hand the best

quality of Beef and all other kinds of meat. We

pay only such

Beef Cattle

for our market as are of the best quality and can

give entire satisfaction to our customers. We

are renovating our Market and are determined not

to be surpassed by any other shop of this kind in the

country. We have all kinds of

Vegetables

constantly on hand for the comfort and convenience

of our patrons, as well as

CHEESE, BUTTER, LARD, &c.

All persons having as can have their packages

delivered anywhere in town free of charge.

We are keeping large quantities of everything in our line

on hand, and supply in or out of the county on

the shortest notice.

Our Market will be conducted agreeable to the

most improved style. All kinds of

WORKING CATTLE, MILCH COWS, &c.

bought and sold at this market, and the highest

cash price paid for Hides.

WM. PEPPER.

Owatonna, Oct. 22d, 1863.

25-4t.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.

Takes pleasure in saying to the ladies of Owatonna

and vicinity that she has received her Fall Stock of

Millinery and Dress Goods.

Consisting in part of

BONNETS,

FEATHERS,

FLOWERS,

RIBBONS,

HATS, latest styles,

BALMORALS,

CLOAKS and

CLOAKINGS.

Also a great variety of

HOOPS, and new style CORSETS,

together with many other articles too numerous to mention.

Visiting her establishment, for past patronage

she desires all to call and examine her new stock, at the old stand, Batchelder's Work, Main-st.

Faribault, Minn., October 15th, '63.

25-4t.

WATONNA SELECT SCHOOL.

The second term of this institution will commence

on Monday the 15th day of April 1864 and continue

twelve weeks.

TERMS:

Common English, \$3.50.

Higher, 4.50.

Tuition to be paid in advance.

Gifts for past patronage, the future cooperation

of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. H. HARWOOD, Principal.

WINONA & ST. PETER R. R.

ON and after Tuesday, February 22d, 1864, an

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN

will run as follows:

Leave Winona at 7 a. m.

Arriving at St. Charles at 9:30 a. m.

Arriving at Winona at 12:30 p. m.

Stages leave St. Charles daily for Chatfield, Rochester, Owatonna, Mankato, St. Peter, Faribault, Northfield, and intermediate points, and at Winona for La Crosse, and La Crosse connecting with Winona and St. Peter. Rates for all points East and South, 10c. JOHN NEWELL, Superintendent.

WATONNA SELECT SCHOOL.

The second term of this institution will commence

on Monday the 15th day of April 1864 and continue

twelve weeks.

TERMS:

Common English, \$3.50.

Higher, 4.50.

Tuition to be paid in advance.

Gifts for past patronage, the future cooperation

of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. H. HARWOOD, Principal.

DRUG STORE.

On the 14th of May, 1863.

Also STEVENS' CELEBRATED FAMILY

Dye Colors,

Pure Native Grap Wine and Liquors,

for MEDICAL PURPOSES, and other articles

usually kept in Drug Stores. All of which will

be sold at the lowest price.

D. S. HARSCH.

Owatonna, May 14th, 1863.

25-4t.

Likenesses

of themselves and friends. Either

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTIPIES, OR

any other style of portraits known to the photographic fraternity.

Having been in the business

for many years in New York he feels confident in

assuring the public in this vicinity that his work is

AS GOOD AS THE BEST.

Consequently has not the least doubt of giving

absolute satisfaction to all that favor him with their patronage.

Room (at present) Morford's Hall, Owatonna, Steele Co. Minn.

18-18.

E. R. FENNO.

Gardner & Chase,

SUCCESSOR to W. Hastings. Dealer in

DRUGS, DYES, ILS, GLYC, YANKEE NOTIONS,

etc., at E. M. MARSHALL's old stand, south side of

Main-street, Owatonna, Minnesota.

24-1f.

JOHN C. HUNTER.

Wabasha, October 6th, 1863.

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

VOLUME 1.

OWATONNA, STEELE CO., MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1864.

NUMBER 52.

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Published every Thursday evening, at Owatonna, Steele County, Minnesota.

L. H. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.

Office on Bridge Street, fourth door west of County Office Building.

TERMS: \$1.50 per annum, invariably in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, of ten lines, or less, one insertion, 1.00
Each subsequent insertion, .30
One square, six months, .20
One square, three months, .40
One square, six months, .40
One square, one year, .60
One quarter column, three months, .10
One quarter column, six months, .15
One half column, six months, .30
One column, six months, .40
One fourth column, one year, .25
One half column, one year, .40
One quarter column, one year, .75
Business cards of five lines, or less, one year, .60
Legal notices will be inserted at 75 cts. a folio for the first insertion, and 37 1/2 cts. a folio for each subsequent insertion, and must be paid before each insertion. A discount of 10% is given.
Advertisements not accompanied with written directions will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

OWATONNA BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

R. C. Ambler.
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Steele County, Minn. Office one door west of Dr. Harsha's.

W. R. Kinney.
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW in all the tend to payment of Taxes, Parcels, Deeds, Bonds, etc. &c. Professional business promptly attended to. Office 2d door from the Public Square, Bridge Street, Owatonna, May 14, 1863. v113

H. Willson & Co.
ANKERS, Dealers in Exchange, Land War-rants, and Money Landed on approved security. Particulars of Minn. and other states residing desired. Prompt attention will be given to the collection of Notes and Drafts, remitting on day of payment, less current rates of exchange and actual expenses incurred. v112

W. H. Wadsworth.
DEALER in Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, etc. &c. Paper-hangings, Stationery, Yankee Note, etc. &c. Owatonna, Minnesota. v112

Hopkins & Bussey.
DEALER in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Household Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Woods Ware, &c. &c. Products of all kinds taken in exchange.

D. S. Hushan.
GALER in all kinds of choice chemicals. Patent medicines of all kinds, pure Liquors for medicinal purposes, paints, oils &c. Prescriptions put up with great care.

Benjamin Chambers.
DEALER in Groceries, Woods Ware, and all other articles usually found at a family supply store, at the old stand of Strohers & Wansbrough, Owatonna, Minnesota. v112

J. M. Williams.
DENTIST in Practice twenty-one years, and known that teeth can be saved if taken in time. My fillings do not fall out. If you need new teeth get Valentine, it is cheapest and the best. No man in Minnesota can beat me in Valentine work. Rockford, Minn. v112

Johns & Oppenheimer.
DEALER in Furniture, Lusters, Cigars and Tobacco, Also Fancy and Antebed Canaries, Green Apples, Lemons, Oranges, Raisins etc. v112 Cash paid for Hides.

Crooker & Brothers.
DEALER in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Leather and Findings, All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods, on Bridge St., first door east of County offices. v112

E. V. Dunaway.
DEALER in all kinds of Hardware, Window Glass, Sash, Tin Ware, Gridstones, &c. v112

C. C. Cornell.
MANUFACTURER in all kinds of Earthen Ware, such as, Churns, Jars of all sizes, and everything usually found at a Pottery—All kinds of produce taken for factory east end of Straight river bridge, Owatonna, Minn. v112

V. V. Middagh & Brothers.
MANUFACTURERS in Harness, Saddles, Carriage Trimmings and all other work in their business, etc. &c. All work warranted and repairing done on the shortest notice. Shop on Bridge Street, 2d door west of printing office, Owatonna, Sept. 3d, 1863. v112

G. C. Hause.
PROPRIETOR of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake. The traveling community will find us always ready to administer to their comfort. 31-1f

M. J. White.
PROPRIETOR of the Barron House, Faribault, Rice County, Minnesota. General Stage Office, Corner of Main and First-st. v112

D. P. Smith.
PROPRIETOR of the National House, on Main street, Faribault, Minnesota. v112

William Ware.
PRACTICING Physician and Surgeon. Residence east of the Post Office, and south of the Public Square, Owatonna, Minn. v112

G. W. Yerely.
PROPRIETOR of the Wasjaja Hotel, Wasjaja Minn. The traveling community will find it a home both for man and beast. 37-1f

T. G. Patch.
PROPRIETOR of the Euclid House, on the north side of the Public Square, Owatonna, Minn.

L. H. Kelly.
PROPRIETOR OF OWATONNA PLAIN, is prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work, such as Cards, Blanks, Handbills, Circulars, &c. in the neatest styles and on the shortest notice. Terms—Cash or delivery of all work.

Seth H. Patterson.

REPAIRING, done to order and all kinds of blacksmithing done in modern style and on the shortest notice. Particular attention paid to horse-shoeing. Ready pay for car, etc. taken in all kinds of grain taken in pay work. Shop east of the Post Office. See on Main-st. Owatonna, Sept. 29. v112

C. S. Cranfill.
REGISTER of Deaths. Particular attention given to the payment of taxes for non-residents, Owatonna, Minnesota. v112

Dr. E. A. Biggs.
GEORGE Dentist. Permanently located at Faribault, would respectfully enquire to the citizens of Owatonna, that he will meet them once in each month in Owatonna, the present year. Plate work put up in the most approved style and warranted. Valuation in brass, gold, and Silver or platinum. v112

SALE OF LAND FOR TAXES.

List of lands and town lots situated in the county of Steele, and State of Minnesota, upon which the taxes remain due and unpaid for the year 1863.

AURORA—Town 105, Range 10.

Description. Sec. Description. Sec.

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The Owatonna Plaindealer.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.
THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1864.

CLOSE OF THE FIRST VOLUME.

With this number closes the First Volume of the Owatonna Plaindealer.

Our object has been in the past, and will be in the future, in our feeble way to harmonize conflicting opinions, and make a united people in all our political transactions, that we may gather strength by our united efforts in supporting a government that has been the delight and admiration of all people in every clime who are friendly to humanity and to the onward progress of civilization in the world. Politically the interest and prosperity of our beloved country has been our chief delight, and our town and county next.

As long as Heaven shall grant us power to wield a pen, it will be devoted to the overthrow of the wicked counsels of tyrants and traitors, and enemies to a Republican form of government.

Through the year that has passed, we have the consoling reflection that in all cases we have endeavored to do justice to our patrons, and in all things deserved their prosperity and happiness.

Knowing that imperfection is the lot of mortals, we have no reason to hope for perfection until we are perfected by being clothed with immortality, and transplanted in the Celestial clime. Believing thus, we cannot reasonably hope that our frail sheet will meet the approbation of all, yet while we are permitted to publish a newspaper among you we shall take a lively interest in the prosperity of our town and county.

In conclusion allow us to render thanks and gratitude to the citizens of Owatonna and throughout the county, for the liberal patronage during the last year that they have bestowed upon their county paper, and in view of the past we are encouraged to look forward to the future with joyous anticipations of higher and more noble attainments.

FORT PILLOW MASSACRE.

Our readers must be shocked at the barbarities perpetrated by the rebel Gen. Buford after our forces surrendered at Fort Pillow. After they had got possession of the Fort, they indiscriminately commenced the murdering of men, women and children. Their conduct was more like devils direct from hell, than that of Arabs. The Indian Massacre, which so exasperated our people two years ago was no worse than the conduct of these wretches which were begotten by the Confederate *slut*. If this is the class of savages we are to contend with why not exterminate them from off the face of the earth, and rid the world of such damnable creatures, who glut themselves by shedding innocent blood, and wall in their own pollution.

Will our rulers set calmly by and see such barbarities committed without an effort to avenge our wrongs? Will they permit treason to be promulgated in our halls of Congress by the Copperheads of our land with impunity? If so they are unfit to be the rulers of a free people. For them to bear longer with traitors when our nation is bleeding at every pore, is doing injustice to those who placed them in power; and to the soldier on the field of battle and to that God who will not hold them guiltless.

A Copperhead Gone to the Right Place.
From the Cincinnati Commercial, 15th.

Bayless W. Hanna, Peace Democrat and member of the last Indiana Legislature, has set an excellent example to his political friends. Being a rebel at heart, and thoroughly sympathizing with the Confederates, he packed up his traps, and according to the Evansville Journal, passed through the Federal lines into the Confederacy. He stated that his object was to write a biography of the rebel leaders, but there seems to be no doubt, among those intimate with him, that he goes as an emissary of the Vallandigham democracy, and is in the interest of that class of conspirators who assassinate veteran soldiers at home, to save Confederate soldiers the trouble. Hanna will be well remembered as the revolutionary leader of the last Indiana Legislature, who introduced into the House the celebrated military bill which, in the face of the State Constitution, attempted to wrest from the Governor all military power, and transfer it to a military board composed exactly of such rebels as Hanna himself. Failing in this scheme, and in all others calculated to create civil war in Indiana, in aid of his distressed brethren in Dixie, he has at last removed to a more congenial latitude, where it is to be hoped, he will be main till called for by the hangman.

FROM MEXICO.

The Latest Phase of Affairs.

NEW ORLEANS, March 23.—A few days ago the *Era* states that a private letter from an officer in the Federal army stationed at Brownsville, on the Rio Grande, contained the important intelligence that French frigates were stationed at the mouth of the river, and it was believed an attack would be made on Matamoras. The *Era* further stated that its correspondent at Brownsville reported that Corrington was preparing to march against the liberal Government. Since then the schooner Luther Childs, Capt. Leppert, reports that when he left, the French fleet had not arrived, but information had been received from Havana that two war steamers were expected out from France, which would devote themselves to securing that port for the Mexican Empire. A land force, as a matter of course, it was expected, would be sent to co-operate. Cortinas, Capt. Leppert reports that he was very heavy contributions from citizens and merchants, preparatory, as he said, to move against the invaders; but his future course was by no means certain.

Owners and holders of cotton were transporting it to Boca del Rio with all haste, in order to get it on shipboard before the arrival of French. Cortinas is not unknown to many persons here, and the general opinion among such is that he is anxious to "make his pile" and that when he has got as much money as he will get, he will vanquish the ranch and leave Matamoras to the tender mercies of the imperialists.

We shall now look with increased interest for news from Mexico, as there can no longer be a doubt that Imperialism is successful and that Maximilian will soon ascend the newly founded throne of Mexico. Then we may look out for Mexican recognitions of the Confederate States—so that, there is good reason to believe, will soon be followed by the recognition Spain, France, Great Britain and other European powers.

DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA.

Ex parte MATTHEW BRIDENTHAL, *vs.* *Habeas corpus.*

Bridenthal, deputy provost marshal of the United States Government, was arrested and imprisoned by a justice of the peace of Sibley county, charged with the crime of manslaughter.

In the petition presented for a writ of habeas corpus it is set forth that all of his action in the premises, upon which the charge is based, was lawful, and in the discharge of his duty as an officer of military department of the government, and while acting in pursuance of his instructions.

The return of the sheriff of Scott county, who had the prisoner in charge, says that he holds him by virtue of a warrant of commitment issued by a justice of the peace of Sibley county, and an order from Major Branson, of the District Court of the State of Minnesota, authorizing his confinement in Scott county jail, there being no common jail in Sibley county.

This writ of habeas corpus was issued under the act of Congress of March 2, 1833. The 7th section provides—"That either of the justices of the Supreme Court, or a Judge of the District Court of the United States, in addition to the authority already conferred by law, shall have power to grant writs of habeas corpus in all cases of a prisoner or prisoners in jail or confinement, where he or they shall be committed or confined on or by any authority or law for any act done or omitted to be done in pursuance of the law of the United States, or any order, or decree of any Judge or Court thereof or any act of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding."

Upon the hearing, Bridenthal's official position was proved, and it was shown that one of the duties of his office was to arrest deserters from the army, and that in the discharge of this duty in this instance he did not exceed the authority conferred upon him by law.

The case, then, as presented, comes clearly within the provisions of the statute of 1833. Bridenthal, as Deputy Provost Marshal, shot a deserter from the army of the United States, while attempting to escape of any Judge or Court thereof or any act of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

Under the hearing, Bridenthal's official position was proved, and it was shown that one of the duties of his office was to arrest deserters from the army, and that in the discharge of this duty in this instance he did not exceed the authority conferred upon him by law.

The case, then, as presented, comes clearly within the provisions of the statute of 1833. Bridenthal, as Deputy Provost Marshal, shot a deserter from the army of the United States, while attempting to escape of any Judge or Court thereof or any act of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

The only issue before us is whether an officer of the Government has been wrongfully and illegally arrested and imprisoned. The warrant of commitment issued by the Justice of the Peace is not conclusive evidence that the imprisonment is lawful.

We must go behind the warrant and inquire whether there is sufficient ground to authorize the arrest and imprisonment. We have done so, and are satisfied that the act was done by the officer in pursuance of law while discharging his duty.

It might be urged that the District Judge had no jurisdiction in this case, and could not discharge a person who appears to have been arrested and imprisoned by State authority for alleged offense against her criminal laws. A reference to the act of Congress above quoted, however, shows that no exception is made in such cases. The Judges of the United States to discharge, when the imprisonment is, "by any authority," for an act committed in pursuance of law of the United States.

Being satisfied, therefore, that the imprisonment is unlawful, the prisoner is discharged.

R. R. NELSON, U. S. Judge.

THE DEPARTED ONES.

It was a bright spring day
Not next five years ago,
A little grave was hollowed out
Beneath the old oak tree.
A lovely little girl had died,
Her soul to Heaven had fled,
Her little body must be laid
Low in its narrow bed.

Her hair was parted on her brow,
Her hands laid on her breast,
No sorrow evermore or pain
Could have that little chest.

My heart would not be grieved,
It would not let me say:

The lord that gave to me my child
Twas his to take away.

But Jesus stilled my troubled breast
With heavenly peace and love,

Then I could look from earth away,
And see my child above.

But the destroying angel came
To strike another down;

My darling boy next was called from earth
To wear a heavenly crown.

My heart was humbled, softened, quite;

I gave him up,

Though many bitter tears I cast

To drink the bitter cup.

Then when Autumn next comes around
With its ever changing scenes,

While yet the leaf was on the tree
And the grass was fresh and green.

My only boy from earth
Has fled with wings of love,

To that blissful place beyond the skies
"Mong ransomed saints above.

We have laid those lovely twins to rest,
But their souls are far away,

Rejoicing with the hosts above
In everlasting day.

Mathinks I hear them thru their harps
And sing their rapturous songs,

And heavenly zephyrs breathe o'er earth
To waft the sound along.

Now that they are gone,
Forever free from pain;

I would not call these happy souls

Back to this earth again.

I want to meet them again
Upon that happy shore,

To sing the praise of Jesus' name

Where parting is no more.

Aurora, Minn. Mrs. G. W. GRIESEHAW.

Health and Beauty.

Women should take abundant exercise in the open air—free, attractive, joyous exercise, such as young girls, when not restrained by false artificial proprieties, are wont to take. If you are in the contrary, or get there, ramble over the hills and through the woodlands; botanize, geologize, seek rare flowers and plants, hunt birds' nests and chase butterflies.—But romp, even though you may be no longer a little girl.

If you are a wife and a mother, so much the better. Romp with your children. Attend also to your bodily positions in standing, sitting, lying and walking; and employ such general or special gymnastics as your case may require.—

Live, while in doors, in well-ventilated rooms; take sufficient wholesome nourishing food at regular hours, and keep mind active and cheerful—in short, obey all the laws of health. Take a lesson from the English girl, as described in the following extract:

The English girl spends more than half of her waking hours in physical amusement that tends to develop and invigorate, and ripen the bodily powers. She rides, walks, drives, rows upon the water, runs, dances, plays, swings, jumps the rope, throws the ball, hurls the quoit, draws the bow, keeps up the shuttle-cock, and all this without having it forever impressed upon her mind that she is thereby wasting her time. She does this every day, until it becomes a habit which she follows through life.

Her frame, as a necessary consequence, is larger, her muscular system developed, her nervous system in subordination to the physical, her strength more enduring, and the whole tone of her mind more healthy. She may not know as much at the age of seventeen as does the American girl; as a general thing, she does not; but the growth of her intellect has been stimulated by no hot house culture, and though maturity comes later, it will last proportionally longer.

Attempt to Destroy the Frigate Minnesota.

NEW YORK, April 17.—The *Herold* of Fort Monroe dispatches report that during the attempt, Saturday morning, to destroy the frigate Minnesota, an apparently floating spar approached her, and getting near was ascertained to be a boat with three men in it. The lookout warned them off, but they pushed boldly for the frigate and in a few moments an explosion similar to twenty cannon was heard. The vessel stood as if with paralysis and the crew tumbled out of their hammocks.—When the confusion subsided, orders were given to pursue the daring rebels, but the Admiral's dispatch tug lying alongside had no steam up. The other tug or pumper was too far to be of use, as the managers rapidly disappeared up one of the creeks abounding in the James river. The damage by the torpedoes was trifling and has been repaired.

Eleven tons of cotton raised in Utah have been received in San Francisco, and more is to follow. The Mormons are very handy people in various ways.

LATEST NEWS.

WASHINGTON, April 15.

The tax bill provides that coal illuminating oil, &c., shall be taxed 20¢ per gallon; ground coffee and its substitute, 1¢ per pound; molasses, 5¢ per cent., advolorem, sugar 1¢ and 2¢ per pound; paper of all descriptions, duty 3 per cent., advolorem; salt 6¢ per 100 lbs.; pig iron \$1 per ton; bloom, bars of loops \$1.50 per ton; stoves and hardware \$3 per ton, and other descriptions 5 per cent., advolorem; grape wines 50¢ per gallon, and other wines liquors 25¢ per gallon.

Ready-made clothing, boots, shoes, &c., 5 per cent., advolorem; manufactured cotton, silk, wool, and worsted 5 per cent., advolorem; cavendish, plug, twist, and stemmed tobacco, 25¢; smoking tobacco, made exclusively of stems and shoots and refuse 10¢; snuff and snuff flour, 35¢; cigars valued at \$10 per thousand; valued from 40 to 20 per thousand; \$7 per thousand, valued at \$20 to \$40, \$12; valued at \$40 to \$45, 25¢; valued at \$75, \$40; first proof spirits sold or removed for consumption prior to July 1st, 60 cents per gallon; after July 1st, and prior to January 1st, 1865 \$1; after January 1st 1.25. Distilled spirits and refined coal oil may be exported without excise duty.

CARDO, April 14.

On Tuesday morning Forrest, with some 6,000 men, attacked Fort Pillow. Soon after the attack Forrest sent a flag of truce down to demand the surrender of the fort and garrison, meanwhile disposing his troops so as to gain a decided advantage.

Maj. Booth, of the 13th Tennessee cavalry, was in command of the fort with 400 of that regiment and 200 of the 1st battalion of the 5th U. S. heavy artillery, formerly first Alabama cavalry (colored).

The flag of truce was refused, and fighting was resumed.

Afterwards a second flag came in which was also refused. Both flags gave the advantage for gaining new positions.

The battle was kept up till 3 p. m., when Maj. Booth was killed and Major Bradford took command.

The rebels now came up in swarms overpowering our troops and compelling them to surrender.

During, and upon the surrender, ensued a scene whichately fills description. Up to that time comparatively few of our men were killed, but the insatiate fiends, blood thirsty as devils, commenced an indiscriminate butchery of whites and blacks, including those of both colors, previously wounded. The black soldiers becoming demoralized, rushed to the rear, while the officers having thrown down their arms, both white and black were bayoneted, shot or sabered. Even the dead bodies were horribly mutilated, and children seven or eight years old together with several negro women, were butchered in cold blood. Soldiers unable to speak from wounds, were shot dead and their bodies rolled down the banks into the river. Dead and wounded negroes were piled in huts and burned, and several citizens who joined our forces for protection, were killed or wounded. Out of the garrison of 600 men only 200 remained alive.

Among our dead officer Capt. Bradford, Lieutenant Baser, Ackers, Wilson, Read, and Major Booth, all of the 13th Tennessee cavalry.

Capt. Postor, Lieut. Lagan, 13th Tennessee, and Capt. Young, 24th Missouri.

Acting Provost Marshal, were taken prisoners. Major Bradford was also captured, but is said to have escaped. It is feared, however, that he has been killed.

The steamer Platte Valley came up about half past ten. She was hauled by the rebels under a flag of truce and men were sent ashore to bury the dead and take aboard such of the wounded as the rebels had allowed to live. Fifty-seven men were taken aboard, including seven or eight colored. Eight died on the way up.

The steamer arrived here this evening and was immediately sent to Mound City Hospital to discharge her suffering cargo. Among the wounded officers of colored troops are Capt. Postor, Lieut. Dibbed, and Adjutant Loring.

Six guns were captured by the rebels and carried off, including 2 10-pounder parrots, and two 12-pounder howitzers.

A large amount of stores were destroyed or carried away. The intention of the rebels seemed to be to evacuate the place and move on towards Memphis.

CARDO, April 15.

Several guns captured by Forrest at Fort Pillow were spiked before falling into his hands, others were turned upon gunboat Number Seven, which from exhaustion of ammunition, having fired some 300 rounds, was compelled to withdraw.

Shop one door west of Dr. Harsh's Drug Store.

GRAIN TAKEN FOR WORK

S. R. ANDERSON.

Owatonna, April 14th, 1864.

Gen. Lee arrived and assumed command at the beginning of the battle previous to which Chalmers directed the movements.

Forrest with the main force returned after the fight to Brownville, taking with him the captured guns. While the steamer Platte Valley lay under flag of truce, taking on wounded, rebel officers, among them Chalmers, went on board and some of our officers showed them great deference, drinking with them and showing them other marks of courtesy. Prominent among them is said to have been Capt. Woodruff, of the 13th Illinois Infantry.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—There has just been an exciting scene in the evening session of the House. Orth, from the Lafayette, Indiana, district,

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

HOME INTELLIGENCE.

POST OFFICE HOURS.—Open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M., week days, and from 12 M. to 1 P. M., on Sundays.

Ground has been broken at the foot of Bridge Street for a Brewery.

The Sociable last Tuesday evening was a perfect success. The evening passed off satisfactory and pleasantly.

W. H. SHERMAN bought a resident last week nearly opposite S. N. SNOWERS, for \$112, and has commenced improvements.

DRESSER BROTHERS have moved their Dry Goods from the old store into the new up stairs, where they will be ready for business in a few days.

HOPKINS & BUSEY are moving into J. W. Dresser's Store on Broadway, and have fitted it up in a becoming style, and ready to wait on customers and give them good bargains.

B. CHAMBERS will move into his own store with his goods to-morrow, where Hopkins & Busey have been doing business the last year. He has a large and new stock of Groceries now arriving from the East.

M. J. WHITE is about leaving the Barron House, at Faribault, and move on to his farm. The community will miss him very much as he is always agreeable and cheerful. We wish him much prosperity in his new home.

V. D. DEWITT has recently purchased the first farm south of Mr. ADAMS, two and a half miles north of town, on the Faribault road, containing 160 acres, 80 acres of wood land and 80 acres of prairie fenced, for \$1200, being only 7½ per acre.

G. F. BATCHELDER, of Faribault, has on hand a large stock of Ready-Made Clothing, which he is selling surprisingly low, considering the high price of clothe and almost everything else. You will find him always on hand to show to his goods, and his clerks are prompt and agreeable.

WINTER & RUSSELL, of Faribault, are doing an extensive trade at the Metropolitan Store, and are paying the highest price for all kinds of produce. They are expecting their Spring and Summer Stock in a few days. They have the richest assortment of Palmerian Skirts in market. Call and see.

The bee of last Saturday for grading around the School House was rather a small affair. One citizen, A. CHAMBERS, turned out with a team and man and drove through the afternoon. We are inclined to think the citizens are not very particular as to the comfort or health of their wives and little ones.

J. NEWSALT, of the firm of SAMUEL FRIEDL of Winona, was here last week and for the new store of J. W. Dresser's on Bridge Street, for a Ready-Made Clothing Store. It will be completed by the 10th of next month and filled with a large and heavy stock of goods, which they say shall be sold as cheap as can be had in Southern Minnesota.

G. W. KRAFT, of Clinton Falls, is doing a fair rate business. He is an honest Miller if any can be found. You will always get a good yield of flour and good quality. It will well pay our people to take their grain to him to grind, for he understands his business and is very anxious to do so. Our grain is taken to mill where they know but little about their business, as is the case with many mills, it would be better to throw the grain away than to be annoyed with poor bread.

New Advertisements.

C. W. Hastings.

GOOD Horses and Carriages constantly on hand for lease on reasonable terms and ready pay. Liv- ery Stable west of Stage Barn. 52-ly.

Carpenter & Smith.

NEW Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Cloth, Casinets, and Vestings, Faribault, on Main Street, opposite the National House. 52-ly.

HASTINGS MARBLE WORKS.

C. J. Aldrich.

Manufacturer of all kinds of

Grave Stones, Monuments, Furniture Marble, &c.

Hastings, Minn., April 21st, 1864. 52-ly.

MILINERY AND FANCY GOODS.

Mrs. Magoon.

Takes pleasure in saying to the ladies of Owatonna and vicinity that she has received her Fall Stock of

Millinery and Dress Goods.

Consisting in part of

BONNETS,

FEATHERS,

FLOWERS,

MIRRORE,

HATS, latest styles,

BALMORALS,

CLOAKS and

CLOAKINGS.

Also; a great variety of

HOOPS, and new style CORSETS,

together with many other articles too numerous to mention.

Tendering her grateful thanks for past patronage, she invites all to eat and examine her stock, at the old stand, Batchelder's Block, Main-st.

Faribault, Minn., October 13th, '64. 25-ly.

OWATONNA SELECT SCHOOL.

The second term of this institution will commence on Monday the 15th day of April 1864 and continue eleven weeks.

Terms:

Common English, \$3.50.

Higher, 4.00.

Tuition to be paid in advance.

Grateful for past patronage, the future cooperation of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. A. DAWOOD, Principal.

Hello! Mr.,

Have you heard the News!

Pepper & Clements have dissolved

And Wm. Pepper is at his old stand in the

MEAT MARKET BUSINESS

Where he will keep constantly on hand the best

quality of Beef and all other kinds of meat. We

buy only such

Beef Cattle

for our market as are of the best quality and can

give entire satisfaction to our customers. We

are removring our Market and are determined not

to be surpassed by any other shop of this kind in the

market. We have all kinds of

Vegetables

constantly on hand for the comfort and convenience

of our patrons, as well as

CHEESE, BUTTER, LARD, &c.

All persons buying of us have their packages

delivered anywhere in town free of charge.

We are keeping large quantities of everything in our line

on hand and in supply in or out of the county on

our market.

Our Market will be conducted agreeable to the

most improved style. All kinds of

WORKING CATTLE, MILCH COWS, &c.

bought and sold at this market, and the highest

cash price paid for Hides.

W. PEPPER,

Oct. 22d, 1863.

PICTURES! PICTURES!

Continued from First Page.
 Description. Sec. Description. Sec.
 und. hf uw qr 9 sw qr. 23
 near 10 e hf se qr. 24
 n hf sw qr 11 nw qr sw qr. 25
 e hf ne qr 12 se qr sw qr. 27
 nw qr 12 so qr ne qr. 29
 nw qr 14 nw qr ne qr. 29
 w hf sw qr do Lot 2 32
 ne qr do e hf ne qr. 33
 w hf se qr 15 sw qr ne qr. 34
 w hf sw qr do Lot 3 35
 do qr 22 - 36

Village of Owatonna.

Lots 1 5 7 9 11 w + 11 e qr 12
 13 17 18 block 1, lot 9 block 2, w
 lot 5 + 9 lot 5 3 23 block 3, lot 1
 block 4, lots 6 7 4 5 9 11 13 14 14
 block 5, lots 1 2 3 17 18 4 7 9 14 15 16
 block 6, lots 2 25 13 w 3 14 15 17 19
 block 7, lots 6 6 block 8, lot 1 block 9,
 a hf 10 11 lots 13 14 17 18 n hf 10 11
 lot 7 block 10, lot 16 7 block 11, lots
 6 15 16 8 13 block 12, lots 12 5 13 15
 8 9 14 16 17 block 13, lots 12 3 9 10
 11 14 block 14, lots 1 7 6 14 10 11 12
 lots 15 16 5 block 16, lots 3 4 5 6 7 10
 14 17 block 17, lots 1 3 4 5 8 9 10 block
 18, lots 3 4 5 block 19, lot 2 block 20,
 lots 10 13 17 18 block 21, lots 5 9 block
 22, lots 17 4 2 3 5 10 11 12 16 block
 23, lots 1 8 9 12 18 19 20 11 block 24.

Cornell, Pettit, Van Vleet & Co.'s ad-
 dition.

Lots 8 5 7 block 9, lots 6 4 7 10 5
 6 block 3, lots 7 8 9 12 block 4.

Phelps' addition to village of Owatonna.

Lot 8 block 1, lots 2 3 w hf 4 lots 5
 6 7 8 9 12 block 3, lots 8 block 4,
 lots 1 2 block 6, lots 1 10 block 7, lots
 1 2 10 block 8.

Village of Owatonna—War Tax.
 Lots 3 w hf lot 10 15 16 block 1, lots
 1 6 10 11 block 2, lots 1 13 14 15 16
 17 18 19 20 21 24 25 6 7 11 12 13 14
 block 3, lots 1 2 3 4 5 16 17 18 19 11 12 13
 block 4, lot 3 block 5, lots 8 10 11 block
 6, lots 8 9 12 block 7, lots 10 11 block
 13 15 16 17 18 w 100 feet 8 9 6 7 e 32
 feet 3 9 block 9, lots 1 2 4 5 8 9 10 block
 18 9 block 10, lots 4 5 6 10 11 12 13 17
 18 9 block 15, lots 3 4 5 6 9 10 17 18
 block 12, lots 2 4 6 7 block 13, lots 15
 18 block 14, lots 16 18 block 17, lot 2
 block 18, lots 1 2 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
 15 block 19, lots 1 5 to 19 inclusive e
 57 feet 4 block 20, lots 1 2 6 7 8 9 10 11
 13 12 14 block 21, lots 2 3 6 block 22,
 lots 1 18 block 23, lots 1 3 10 block 24.

Phelps' addition to village of Owatonna.

Lots 1 10 block 3, lots 3 4 5 6 7 8
 9 block 5, lots 9 10 block 6, lot 8 block
 7, lots 3 4 5 6 7 8 block 9.

Village of Meriden.

Lots 7 8 9 10 block 4, lot 1 block 1,
 lot 1 block 10.

Village of Meriden—War Tax.

Lots 2 3 4 5 block 1.

Village of Medford.

Lots 12 13 14 15 16 17 block 6, lots 1
 to 13 inclusive block 7, lots 1 2 5 in 4 5
 6 23 n part 4 5 6 8 7 8 10 block o, lots
 1 to 12 inclusive block 9, lots 1 2 3 6 10
 11 12 4 5 7 8 9 10 block 10, lots 4 1 2 3 5
 6 7 8 10 11 12 9 block 11, lots 1 2 11 12
 13, lots 3 4 5 6 7 9 block 12, lots 3 4 5
 block 13, lots 8 9 block 12, lots 7 5 6 8 9
 10 block 13, lots 1 2 5 6 7 8 9 10 3 block
 14, lots 1 2 5 6 7 8 9 10 4 block 15, lot
 4 block 16, 1-4 lots 1 2 3 block 16, lots
 1 2 5 6 block 17, lots 1 to 8 inclusive
 block 18, lots 1 to 2 inclusive block 19,
 lots 1 to 6 inclusive block 20, lots 1 2 3
 4 5 6 7 8 9 block 21, lots 1 2 3 4 5 block
 16, lots 3 7 8 block 22, lots 1 2 block 23,
 lots 1 2 3 8 9 10 11 12 6 7 4 5 block 27,
 lot 5 block 28, lots 2 3 block 29, lots
 6 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 16 block
 33, lots 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 16 17 18
 block 34.

Addition to village of Medford.

Lots 15 17 18 20 13 14 16 19 21 block
 1, lots 1 4 5 6 2 3 block 4, lots 15 16
 23 24 block 5, lots 8 17 22 23 block 6,
 lots 13 19 22 7 8 9 12 14 15 16 17 18
 block 7, lots 1 5 20 21 23 6 9 11 13 14
 block 8, lots 2 4 7 10 15 18 21 22 23
 16 1 7 19 20 21 block 9, lots 9 10 2 1 3
 4 14 15 16 block 10, lots 3 4 9 14 block
 11, lots 2 3 4 18 9 14 15 16 block 12,
 lots 1 2 9 10 3 4 11 12 block 13, lots 7
 8 9 10 15 16 block 14, lots 3 4 5 6 7 8
 block 15, lots 7 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 block 16,
 lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 block 17, lots 3 4 5 6 block
 18, lots 2 1 3 4 5 6 7 8 block 19, lots 1 2 3
 4 5 6 7 8 block 20, lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
 block 21, lots 5 7 8 block 22, lots 1 2 3 4 5
 6 7 8 block 23, lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
 block 24, lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block 25,
 lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block 26, lots 1 2 3 4 5
 6 7 8 block 27, lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block
 28, lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block 29, lots
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block 30, lots 1 2 3 4 5
 6 7 8 block 31, lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block
 32, lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block 33, lots
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block 34, lots 1 2 3 4 5
 6 7 8 block 35, lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block
 36, lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block 37, lots 1 2 3 4
 5 6 7 8 block 38, lots 3 2 7 5 6 8 block 39,
 lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block 40, lots 1 2 3 4 5
 6 7 8 block 41, lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block
 42, lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block 43, lots 1 2 3
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 204, lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 block 205, lots 1 2 3
 4 5 6 7 8 block 206, lots 1 2 3 4 5

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

VOLUME 2.

OWATONNA, STEELE CO., MINN., THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1864.

NUMBER 1.

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Published every Thursday evening, at Owatonna
Steele County, Minnesota.

L. H. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.
Office on Bridge Street, fourth door west of
County Office Building.

TERMS: \$1.00 per annum, invariably in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, of ten lines, or less, one insertion, 1.00.
Each subsequent insertion, .50.
One square, one month, .25.
One square, three months, .40.
One square, six months, .60.
One square, one year, .80.
One quarter column, three months, .10.
One quarter column, six months, .15.
One half column, six months, .30.
One column, six months, .40.
One column, one year, .40.
One half column, one year, .20.
Business cards of five lines, or less, one year, .50.
Large notices, and notices required at 50¢ a line for the
first insertion, and 35¢ a line for each subsequent insertion, and must be paid before
advertisements are accepted.

Advertisements not accompanied with written
descriptions will be inserted until forbidden, and
charged accordingly.

OWATONNA BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

H. C. Ambler,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Owatonna, Steele County, Minn. Office one door
west of Dr. Kelly's.

W. R. Kinross,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW, in all the
Courts of this State. Makes Collections. At
terms to payment of Taxes, Proceedings, Penalties,
and Pay & Accounts. Personal business promptly
attended to. Office 33 door from the Public Square
Bridge Street, Owatonna, May 1st, 1862.

L. Ankner, Dealer in Exchange, Land War-
rants, and Money Landed on approved security.
Faribault, Minnesota. Monies received on deposit.
Prompt attention will be given to the collection of
Notes and Drafts, remitting on day of payment less
current rates of exchange and actual expenses in-
volved.

W. H. Wadsworth,
DEALER IN CLOTHES, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.
Paper-hanging, Stationery, Vandyke Novi-
tys. Owatonna, Minnesota. v12.

Hopkins & Busey,
DEALERS IN Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery,
Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hardware,
Wood Ware, &c., &c.
Produced of all kinds taken in exchange.

D. S. Harshman,
DEALER IN DRUGS & Medicines, choice chemicals
for medical purposes, paints, oils, &c. Prices
put up with great care.

Benjamin Chambers,
DEALER IN Groceries, Wooden Ware, and all
other articles usually found at a family supply
store, at the old stand of STOUGHTON & Wanstorp,
Owatonna, Minnesota. v11.

J. M. Williams,
DENTIST. I have worked at
Dentistry twenty-one years,
and of all teeth can save.
I make a living by filling, &
not fall out. If you need teeth get Vulcanite, it
is cheapest and the best. No man in Minnesota can
beat me in Vulcanite work. Rochester, Minn. v11.

Jos. & Oppizer,
DEALERS IN Pure Wines, Liquors, Cigars and
Tobacco. Also Fancy and Assorted Candies,
Green Apples, Lemons, Oranges, Raisins, etc. v11
Cash paid for Hides.

Crocker & Brother,
DEALERS IN Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps,
&c., &c. Laces, and other work in their
line, for cash or ready pay. All work warranted
and repairing done on the shortest notice. Shop
on Bridge Street, first door east of County of
Sees. v11-12.

E. Y. Honeywill,
DEALER in all kinds of Hardware, Windows,
Glass, Sash, Tin Ware, Grindstones, &c. v11-12.

C. G. Cornell,
MANUFACTURER and dealer in all kinds of
Earthen Ware, such as Churns, Jars of all
sizes, and everything usually found at a Pottery—
All kinds of produce taken for ware. Factory
end of Straight River bridge, Owatonna, Minn. v12.

V. V. Midland & Brothers,
MANUFACTURERS of Household Articles, Car-
riage Timbers, and other work in their
line, for cash or ready pay. All work warranted
and repairing done on the shortest notice. Shop
Bridge Street, 23 door west of printing office.
Owatonna, Sept. 3d 1862.

C. C. Hazzard,
PROPRIETOR of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake.
The travelling community will find all
ready to administer to their comfort. v11-12.

M. J. White,
PROPRIETOR of the Barron House, Faribault,
Kiss Co., Minnesota. General Stage Office,
Corner of Main and First-st. v12.

Dr. P. Smith,
PROPRIETOR of the National House, on Main
street, Faribault, Minn. v12.

W. H. White,
PRACTICING Physician and Surgeon. Resi-
dence of the Post Office, and south of the
Public Square, Owatonna, Minn. v12.

G. W. Yearly,
PROPRIETOR of the Wagon Hotel, Wazija,
Minn. The travelling community will find it
home both for man and beast. v12.

T. G. Patch,
PROPRIETOR of the Karska House, on the north
side of the Public Square, Owatonna, Minn.

L. H. Kelly,
PROPRIETOR OF THE OWATONNA PLAIN-
DEALER, is prepared to execute all kinds of
Job Work, such as Cards, Blanks, Handbills, Culi-
fers, &c., in the neatest style and on the shortest
notice. Terms—Cash on delivery of work.

South H. Patterson,
REPAIRING of all kinds of black-
smithing done in modern style and on the short-
est notice. Particular attention paid to horse-shoe-
ing. Ready pay is our motto, but all kinds of grain
taken in pay for work. Shop east of the Post Of-
fice on Main-st. Owatonna, Sept. 29. v12.

C. S. Crandall,
REGISTER of Deeds. Particular attention given
to the payment of taxes for non-residents,
Owatonna, Minnesota. v12.

Dr. E. A. Biggs,
S. R. G. Dentist. Practice located at Far-
ibault, would respectfully announce to the citi-
zenry that he will meet them once in each
month in Owatonna, the present year. Plate work
put up in the most approved style and warranted.
Vulcanite in brass, gold, and Silver or platinum. v12.

SALE OF LAND FOR TAXES.

List of lands and town lots situated in the county
of Steele, and State of Minnesota, upon which the
taxes remain due and unpaid for the year 1862.

AURORA—Town 105, Range 19.

Description. Sec. Description. Sec.

1 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do ne qr se qr

2 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do sw qr

3 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

4 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

5 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

6 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

7 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

8 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

9 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

10 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

11 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

12 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

13 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

14 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

15 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

16 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

17 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

18 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

19 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

20 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

21 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

22 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

23 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

24 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

25 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

26 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

27 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

28 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

29 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

30 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

31 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

32 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

33 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

34 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

35 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

36 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

37 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

38 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

39 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

40 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

41 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

42 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

43 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

44 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

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46 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

47 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

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57 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

58 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

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61 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

62 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

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64 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

65 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

66 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

67 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

68 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

69 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

70 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

71 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

72 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

73 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

74 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

75 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

76 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

77 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

78 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

79 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

80 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

81 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

82 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

83 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

84 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

85 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

86 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

87 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

88 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

89 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

90 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

91 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

92 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

93 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

94 e 1/2 sw 1/2 do qr

95 e 1/2 sw 1/

The Owatonna Plaindealer.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.
THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1864.

Parties.

Copperhead journals are asking why we don't get impatient of Grant's delay as we did of McClellan's and urge the former to action as we vainly did the latter.

This is why:

McClellan took command in July, 1861. By the first of October his army was in condition to move. He did not move till April, six months afterward. Gen. Grant has been in command of the Army of the Potomac less than six weeks. If he does not stir before six months are over, we promise to try and make him. McClellan wasted the two months of October and November, 1861. If Grant shows signs of wasting May and June, it will be time then to complain.

Or, to come a little further down: When Gen. Grant shall establish himself on the Upper Potomac with an army of 300,000 men, and shall, insult that vast force with a proposal to withhold it from contact with the enemy, and to open a military school for its instructions—as McClellan did in the Autumn of 1861—we shall not hesitate to declare him unfit for command, and to ask for his removal.

Will you have any more reasons?—N.Y. Tribune.

The K. G. C. at Work.
CRAWFORD CO., Ohio.
HEADQUARTERS, April 22.

A gang of butchers have been placed under arrest here. This County has been placed under martial law, and other counties in this State will probably soon be put in the same position. Ohio, Southern Indiana, and Southern Illinois contain the principal portion of these incipient rebels whose leaders only await disaster to the national arms to give the signal for revolt.

Red River Expedition.

WASHINGTON, April 20. The following dispatch was received at the Navy Department this noon:

CATRO, April 19.

Hon. Gideon Welles:

I have received private letters from Red River, one dated Grand Ecore, 9th, and one dated Alexandria, 20th, stating that the army under Gen. Banks, met with reverses on the 8th near Mansfield. Our army fell back, and on the next day the rebels attacked them and were handsomely whipped. Loss heavy both sides.

Admiral Porter, when last heard from, was about 40 miles above Grand Ecore river, Louisiana.

[Signed] A. M. PENNOCK,
Commander of fleet.

CHICAGO, April 23:

A letter dated Grand Ecore, 11th from a private in the Chicago Mercantile Battery, giving an account of the part taken by the battery in the battle of the 8th, confirms yesterday's dispatch regarding the disaster to a portion of our forces composing the Red River expedition. The letter says that of our whole division, numbering 3,000 men, but one thousand are left to tell the fearful odds against which they contended. Two regiments of the division were consolidated, and had in all but 140 men and 7 officers, the highest in rank a captain.

The 19th corps checked the rebels and help them for about 25 minutes, when they were forced to retire, which they did slow, and as night came on the bloody conflict ended.

The next morning General A. J. Smith came up with his command, relieved Gen. Franklin, and whipped the rebels badly; recaptured 12 guns, and took 800 prisoners.

Another letter from another private in the same battery, says our corps, 13th, was all cut to pieces, and we fell back to this place Grand Ecore, five or six miles from the battle field to reorganize. We lost twenty-four pieces of artillery, all that were in the fight.

This letter says General Smith captured 2,000 prisoners and sixteen guns in the fight on the 9th.

Still another letter says we get all sorts of reports from the front. The latest is that Gen. Smith whipped the rebels, taking 2,000 prisoners and 18 guns.

The expedition is probably broken up and our troops are falling back.

Gen. Banks is mentioned as being on the field on the 8th.

A new French giant is exhibiting himself at Liverpool, probably on his way to Barnum's. His name is Joseph Brice; he is eight feet in height, measures four feet six inches around the chest, is twenty-four years old, and can lift six hundred weight. He is well formed, very affable and much admired.

LATEST NEWS.

CINCINNATI, April 21. Orders were received at Columbus yesterday from Gen. Sherman prohibiting the issue of passes to citizens to go beyond Nashville.

Authority has been received from the War Department to raise two more regiments of heavy artillery.

Two 20th and 60th regiments leave for Annapolis this forenoon.

NEW YORK, April 20.

A Norfolk letter to the *World*, says the late mission of the rebel Commissioner Ould to Fort Monroe, was to ask Butler to send up the sick of our prisoners at Richmond, who were too far gone to be removed South. Five hundred and sixty-three have since arrived at Old Point, of whom Ould said he would consider it almost a miracle if our Government succeeded in saving half.

CATRO, April 19.

Ten more wounded at Fort Pillow, and picked up from the hiding places where they had been suffering since battle, have been brought up to Mound City hospital.

Guerrillas made a raid recently upon a cotton plantation in Clemons, La., 40 miles below Vicksburg, captured a large number of mules and negroes, and carried off W. R. Allison, of Mattoon, Ill.

After getting to a safe distance they compelled him to dig his grave, then shot him and made the negroes bury him. This may be relied upon. Guerrillas along the river are determined that abandoned plantations shall not be worked by northern men.

The steamer Eclipse from Cincinnati, reports seeing about 200 guerrillas at Huron Island, forty miles above Southland, when fired into. The steamer Liberty was also fired into opposite Shawneetown but no damage was done.

WASHINGTON, April 21.

[*Herald's Special.*]—The transfer of men from the army to the navy has at length commenced. 400 are already collected at Baltimore from the army of the Potomac and this department.

Butler has written a very spirited letter to a high public functionary here, of which the concluding paragraph reads as follows:

"If the arrangement proposed is carried out it would have the effect of making me a mere recording secretary to Major General W. F. Smith, who would be the commander. To this I cannot submit. The office of civil mayor at Old Point Comfort is not the sort of service for which I was mustered in, and therefore I most respectfully demand either to be relieved of my position, or have under the General-in-Chief, supreme control and direction of any military movements, having their basis within the limits of my department."

Several sentences of death for desertion have been commuted by the President to hard labor in the Dry Tortugas until the end of the war.

NEW YORK, April 22.

The *World's* Washington special says Governors Brough, Lewis, Morton, Curtin and Yates had a long interview with the President to-day, to urge upon him the necessity of calling 200,000 men into service, for defense of the States bordering on the Ohio river, especially Indiana, Ohio and Kentucky. They claimed if specially authorized they could receive that number for that duty by volunteers.

The President as things now stand, seems, disposed to issue a call for 200,000 troops to be raised only in the western States.

All sick in the army of the Potomac have been sent here and placed in hospital.

WASHINGTON, April 21.

The following information was received to night from the army of the Potomac: Five deserters of the 48th Virginia rebel regiment, came into our lines yesterday. It is positively asserted that Longstreet's army is at Orange C. H.—Lee's entire force is not more than 35,000 to 50,000 strong. The rebels are very vigilant and have strictly forbidden their pickets holding conversation with our men.

Reports gain credit that Lee has sent a part of his army into the Shenandoah Valley, with the view of compelling Grant to divide his army by sending a force in pursuit.

DRIED BEEF IN TEN DAYS.—The following is dedicated to the lovers of good dried beef:—Take beef from any part of the quarter you choose, and chop as you would for sausage, season to taste, and put in three-inch cloths sacks and hang it up to dry. In this way you can work up all the bits and ends, or even the whole beef, into first-rate dried meat.—C. Jodson.

THE VOTE OF ARKANSAS.—Mr. Fair banks wrote to the Missouri *Democrat* from Little Rock, under date of April 11th, that twelve thousand four hundred and three votes have been cast in that State—12,177 for Constitution and 266 against it. Sixty-four delegates, all Radical Anti-Slavery men, have been elected. A quorum had arrived for the Senate but not for the House.

NEWS ITEMS.

—The United States Express company was robbed at St. Joseph, Mo., Monday of \$33,000.

—Senator Wade and Representative Gooch have gone to Cairo to take evidence in relation to the massacre at Fort Pillow.

—Private letters state that the people of California are suffering at present from drought. Eight thousand sheep and eight thousand bees have died, and the farmers are killing their cattle for their hide and fat. This drought will prove most disastrous to the farming and dry-land mining interests of the State.

—The Worcester (Mass.) *Spy* says Mr. John P. Jordan, of that city, died on the 30th ult., under unusual circumstances. He was at work repairing a pump, and accidentally placed his knee on a strip of leather, in which were two or three corroded copper nails, making a considerable wound.

—When tights were fashionable, a fellow returned a pair of trowsers to his tailor because they were too small for his legs.

—But you told me to make them as tight as your skin, said the tailor.

—True? said he, "for I can sit down in my skin, but I'll be split if I can in these breeches."

—According to published statistics, it appears that the wholesale cost of live animals brought to New York for slaugher last year, exceeded \$30,000,000 and that more than half our beef comes from the single State of Illinois.

—The Chicago Journal tells the following: "A couple were married at a hotel in this city yesterday, and left for Milwaukee in a state of bliss. Marriages are not rare events in Chicago we know very well; but in this case the parties had been married before. They were divorced, lived separately for some months and finally concluded the best thing they could do would be to return to each other's arms."

—We have read of a serpent who bit a slanderer, and received so much more dreadful venom than that which he imparted that he died at once, but did not hurt the man. The poetic fiction teaches more truth than many which have a greater show of wisdom.

—Mary McCoy, a female burglar, broke into a house in Brooklyn, New York, on Wednesday night last, found a bottle of oil of whiskey, drank it and died.

—Two years ago, when compensation to slaveholders for emancipating their slaves was offered by Congress, Wendell Phillips caustically said: "Gentlemen slaveholders, now is your time to sell." They have found it out.

—A movement is on foot in Boston to introduce military drill in all the public schools.

—Governor Corwin, Minister to Mexico, has procured leave to come home, and he writes as if he had but little expectation of going back. He now intends to start in about a month.

—John C. Heenan is still in London. He has fits now and falls down in the street. He has never been well since he was drugged for the fight with King by friends of the latter. It is thought he will never recover.

—Several breweries at Chicago have been closed by the United States Assessors for alleged false returns.

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The Owatonna Plaindealer.

HOME INTELLIGENCE.

POST OFFICE HOURS.—Open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M. week days, and from 12 M. to 1 P. M. on Sundays. W. H. WADSWORTH, P. M.

B. F. Melvin, the County Treasurer, entered upon the duties of his office yesterday.

Sheriff PATTERSON sold a lot fronting on Main Street, east of the Post Office 22 feet wide for \$200.

We are under many obligations to Hons. RAMSEY and WILKINSON for the receipt of public documents.

W. H. SHERMAN bought, this week, of M. A. DAILEY, one lot 4x8 rods north of the Livery Stable for \$135.

We tender to Sheriff PATTERSON our thanks for some large fresh fish, the first of the season. We found these very delicious.

W. H. WADSWORTH has moved his Post Office about sixteen feet west of where it stood, and everything is now up about the premises.

Dr. WARE has moved into the house of J. F. HANNA, to remain the present season. Mrs. HANNA having gone East to be absent the present year.

GODEY for May has come in good season. It contains some beautiful steel engravings and latest styles of ladies fashions, besides a large amount of interesting reading.

Our readers are referred to the advertisement of Miss HUNTER in another column.—She has established herself in town as a Milliner and comes well recommended as a lady qualified for the business.

We are happy to announce that our friend and citizen W. H. WILSHY, having been confined for several months from sickness, has so far recovered as to be out again and enjoy the fresh and invigorating atmosphere of our Prairie State.

We call attention to the new advertisement of R. CHAMBERS, who has just returned from the east where he has purchased a large assortment of Groceries, and occupies his own store on Broadway. Persons calling on him will find it for their interest to buy what they need as he keeps no goods but the best quality, and sells at reasonable prices.

G. F. BATCHELDER, of Faribault, has just received quantity of Moline Plows with Coulters both straight and rolling. These plows are considered to be as good as any in use. He is also receiving a new assortment of goods from the East, and is now prepared to accommodate his customers and the public generally with anything in the line of new goods they may desire.

WHITCOMB & O'DELL commenced brick making last Monday at their kiln. They intend burning 500,000 this season.

We have known Mr. WHITCOMB for many years and know that he is master of his business. We shall expect this summer to see brick made here that will knock the Milwaukee brick far into the shade. They have the material and ability to accomplish their purpose.

Three cases of small pox made their appearance last week in Faribault. We hope our citizens will see to it that every person in our town is vaccinated with the kind pox without delay. It is a sure preventative if the vaccine matter is genuine and works well. The vaccine matter should be taken from a healthy person, without any serofolous tendencies or hereditary disease.

We are happy to announce to our readers that E. ABBOTT (one of our town proprietors), has laid out his lot on the north side of the Public Square 22 feet lots front and proposes to sell on reasonable term to any who will erect suitable business building upon them. This is what the town has long needed for its advancement, and Mr. ABBOTT will find that soon he is a richer man and more highly esteemed for his public enterprise.

Last week the little town of Wasaga raised over \$100 in one evening for the Sanitary Fair which is to be held at St. Louis. Owatonna will be left out in this benevolent enterprise, while all the towns and countries around her are contributing of their means for the comfort of our Union Army? Will not the ladies in our town take hold of this subject and show to our neighbors that we are disposed to do as much as any class of people in this noble work. If anything is to be done it is time we were making arrangements.

J. W. DRESSER is one of the lucky ones. Mr. E. ABBOTT gave him two lots on the north side of the Public Square 22 feet each for the purpose of erecting a brick block 44 feet front for business purposes which he will do within eighteen months. He has bought another lot joining on which he will erect a wood building two stories high the present summer. We are truly entering on a new era and we rejoice to see the scales falling from the eyes of one of our town proprietors at least that he may see his true interest as to financial affairs as well as his popularity among the inhabitants of his town.

WINTER & RUSSELL, of Faribault, received last week a large quantity of Spring and Summer Goods, and a large lot of splendid Print's Ginghams, Dr. Laines, &c., of the very latest styles, and those who have seen them say they are the most splendid patterns ever brought to that market. They have also received the "Burlock Multi-form Hoop Skirt," manufactured in Burlington, Conn. This Skirt stands unrivaled by any other, as to beauty, convenience or durability. They adjust themselves to the size required. This Skirt combines the Six Quaker and Four Train, and complete in itself. They have also received a new stock of Shoes, Men's, Women's and Children's, and prices extremely low. Call and examine.

Some Millers are strange things and very independent. They care but little else than to get all the grinding they can, regardless of suiting their customers. They wish to be built up themselves, but never do anything to build up others. They will send away for their family goods and then wish their home merchants to buy the flour they make. Others will grind your grain into feed without orders, and then tell you afterwards that your grain was good for nothing, and you can take the proverb or nothing. How long will such poor specimens of humanity prosper? Not long in one place we imagine. But G. W. KRAFT of Clinton Falls is not that kind of a Miller. He keeps his mill in good order and makes the best quality of flour, as everybody will testify.

A special town meeting was held in the town of Dover on Friday the 22d inst., for the purpose of raising a town bounty to be paid to any person or persons who shall hereafter enlist from or be credited to said town, in order to fill the quota now due by said town in the United States, when it was unanimously decided to issue the bonds of the town for an amount not exceeding \$300 with interest at ten per cent. per annum, payable annually, to volunteers (not exceeding four in number) who shall hereafter enter the service of the United States as soldiers, and who shall be duly credited to said town. Said bonds to be made payable in two yearly installments, one half on the 1st day of April 1864, and the remainder on the 1st day of April 1865. And in case of failure to get volunteers then said bonds for the said amount shall be issued to any and every person who shall be drafted into the United States service from said town in accordance with the foregoing provisions, provided that the said bonds shall not be issued to any person who shall be disqualified from entering into the service of the United States as a soldier. The sum of \$120 was unanimously voted to be raised to carry out the foregoing provisions.

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CHARLES H. SEE, President of the Board of Enrollment, CHARLES C. COLE, Commr. WM. W. MAYO, Surgeon.

C. W. HASTING, Postost Marshal's Office, First Congressional District, Minn. ROCHESTER, April 15, 1864.

We, the undersigned members of the Board of Enrollment of the First Congressional District of Minnesota, do hereby certify that the foregoing and within it a correct statement of the quotas, credits, deficiencies and excesses, and number to be drafted from the several sub-districts of the First Congressional District up to April 15, 1864.

AT BACHELDER'S. Lowest prices

AT BACHELDER'S. Fall and Winter Goods,

AT BACHELDER'S. IN DRY GOODS, IN DRY GOODS,

AT BACHELDER'S. CLOTHING CLOTHING,

AT BACHELDER'S. BOOTS & SHOES, BOOTS & SHOES,

AT BACHELDER'S. HATS & CAPS, HATS & CAPS,

AT BACHELDER'S. GLOVES & MITTENS, GLOVES & MITTENS,

AT BACHELDER'S. HARDWARE, HARDWARE,

AT BACHELDER'S. AT THE LOWEST PRICES, AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

AT BACHELDER'S. GRANIN

AT BACHELDER'S. BONNETS, FEATHERS,

AT BACHELDER'S. FLOWERS, RIBBONS,

AT BACHELDER'S. HATS, latest styles,

AT BACHELDER'S. BALMORALS,

AT BACHELDER'S. CLOAKS AND CLOAKINGS,

AT BACHELDER'S. HOOPS, and new style CORSETS,

AT BACHELDER'S. together with many other articles too numerous to mention.

TEASING her grateful thanks for past patronage she invites all to call and examine her new stock at the old stand, Batchelder's Block, Main-st. Faribault, Minn., October 1st, '63.

W. H. SHERMAN, April 14, 1864.

JOHN WILES, Administrator.

AT BACHELDER'S. Hides & Furs

AT BACHELDER'S. COVE OYSTERS,

AT BACHELDER'S. WILLIAMS & BIFIELD'S.

AT BACHELDER'S. HIDE & FURS

AT BACHELDER'S. AMBROTYPE'S OR PHOTOGRAPH

AT BACHELDER'S. CABINETWARE

AT BACHELDER'S. PUTNAM CLOTHES-WRINGER.

AT BACHELDER'S. SPLENDID

AT BACHELDER'S. PICTUREST PICTURES!

AT BACHELDER'S. WARRANTED WITH OR WITHOUT COG- WHEELS.

AT BACHELDER'S. FIRST PREMIUM

AT BACHELDER'S. TRY IT AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

AT BACHELDER'S. LIKENESSES

AT BACHELDER'S. PRACTICAL

